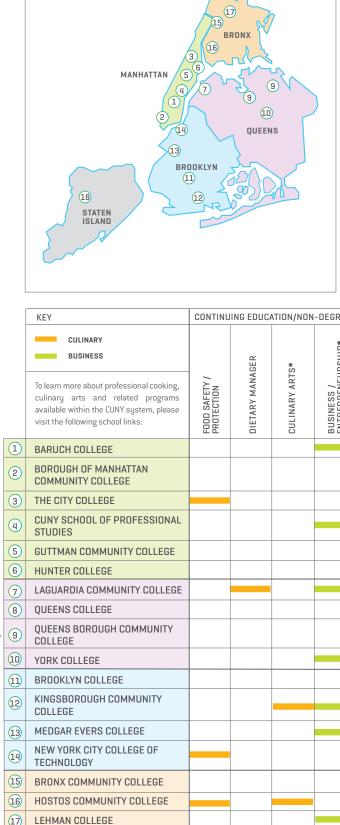
OWNING YOUR OWN RESTAURANT

After spending several years working in the field, some chefs become interested in starting their own restaurants. Similar to the functions of Executive Chefs and Executive Sous Chef, this step requires cooking professionals to master both sides of the industry - cooking and management. But there are also some activities, such as raising money, forming a business entity, and navigating health and safety regulations that may be new to even the most experienced, senior-level cooking professionals. The City University of New York (CUNY) offers several professional certifications, continuing education courses, and small business development centers to help equip future and budding restaurant owners with the business skills and information they need to succeed. Check out the back page of this brochure to learn more about these and other CUNY offerings.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

If you would like to request more career maps, please contact:

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🕫 18 COLLEGE OF STATEN ISLAND

* Kingsborough offers several Continuing Education Culinary Arts-related programs including specialty cooking courses; an undergraduate culinary arts certificate that awards 12 credits that can be applied to the Associate Degree program in culinary arts; and Kitchen Ventures, an initiative that helps retail and food entrepreneur hopefuls to build and grow their own businesses.

NOTE: THIS TABLE IS ACCURATE FOR THE 2014-2015 ACADEMIC YEAR. AS CUNY CONTINUOUSLY UPDATES ITS DEGREE AND CERTIFICATE OFFERINGS THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, PLEASE CONSULT EACH INDIVIDUAL SCHOOL'S WEBSITE FOR THE MOST CURRENT LISTINGS.



This information on this career map was derived from online work histories provided to Payscale, Inc. by individuals who worked in the occupations shown in this career map in the New York City metropolitan area. PayScale, Inc. and Monster Government Solutions provided this information to the NYC Labor Market Information Service. This workforce solution was funded by a grant awarded by the U.S. Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration. The solution was created by the grantee and does not necessarily reflect the official position of the U.S. Department of Labor. The Department of Labor makes no guarantees, warranties, or assurances of any kind, express or implied, with respect to such information, including any information on linked sites and including, but not limited to, accuracy of the information or its completeness, timeliness, usefulness, adequacy, continued availability, or ownershio.

The CUNY CareerPATH Program is an equal opportunity employer/program and auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities.

WHAT PROGRAMS AT CUNY PREPARE PEOPLE FOR THE JOBS ON THIS CAREER MAP?

REE	ASSOCIATE DEGREE					BACHELOR'S DEGREE		
ENTREPRENEURSHIP*	CULINARY ARTS	DIETETICS / FOOD / NUTRITION	FOOD SERVICE MANAGEMENT	HOSPITALITY MANAGEMENT	BUSINESS / ENTREPRENEURSHIP	NUTRITION / FOOD SCIENCES	HOSPITALITY MANAGEMENT	BUSINESS / ENTREPRENEURSHIP

CAREER MAP FOR COOKS & CHEFS

CAREER MAP FOR COOKS AND CHEFS

New York City is a culinary capital with large numbers of restaurants, hotels, cafeterias and gourmet food markets. Cooks and chefs work in all of these places.

IS A PROFESSIONAL COOK?

banquet cook. All of these jobs involve preparing, with less than five years of experience generally meats, vegetables or desserts. Cooks may order New York City. For entry-level cook positions, pay

DOES A CAREER AS A COOK OR CHEF LOOK LIKE?

LIKES TO WORK AS A COOK OR

KIND OF PAY AND HOURS ARE INVOLVED IN THIS WORK?

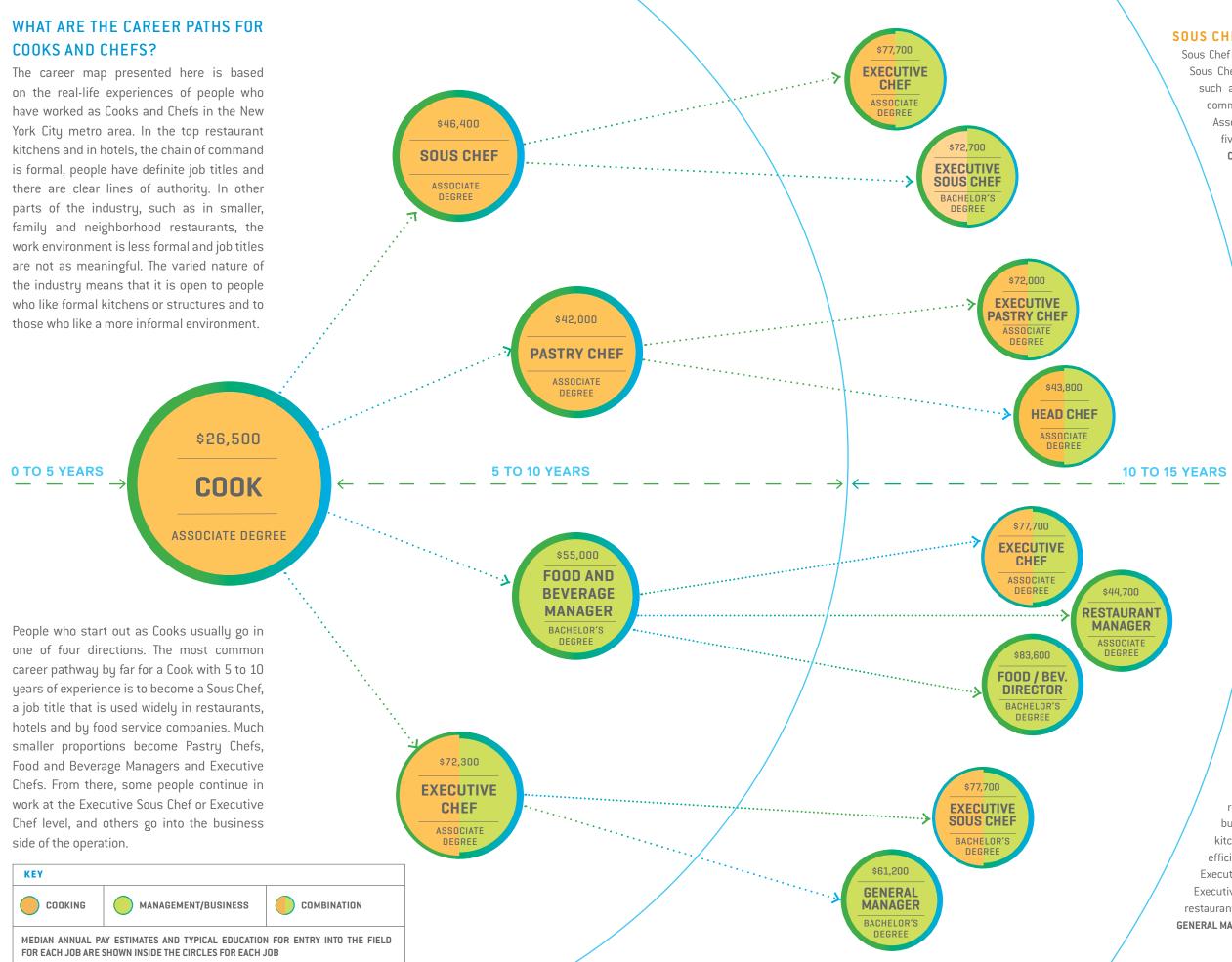
Pay varies by the type of employer. Cooks and chefs usually make more in fine-dining restaurants and high-end hotels. Most cooks work full time. Because cooks work when people eat out, work shifts usually include early mornings, evenings, weekends and holidays. Many people work overtime, sometimes as much as 50 to 60 hours per week. Schedules for cooks in school cafeterias are more regular. A cook

CAN I BECOME A PROFESSIONAL COOK?

In New York City, cooks typically have an Associate that prepare students for a career in cooking. The courses typically include cooking terminology, beverage management, food safety and sanitation

important when it comes to cooking, employers in

DOES THE FUTURE LOOK FOR COOKS AND CHEFS?



SOUS CHEF AND BEYOND

Sous Chef is the next step for most cooks who stay in the field. Sous Chefs usually supervise and mentor kitchen employees such as line cooks. A Sous Chef is often the second-incommand in the kitchen. Most employers prefer at least an Associate degree for people in this position. After another five years or so, Sous Chefs might become EXECUTIVE SOUS CHEFS or EXECUTIVE CHEFS. The exact title and progression depends on the size and nature of the restaurant, hotel or food service business.

PASTRY CHEF AND BEYOND

Some Cooks become Pastry Chefs and specialize in desserts or pastries. They might supervise pastry cooks or manage a kitchen's pastry team. A large proportion of people who are Pastry Chefs remain in this title or become **EXECUTIVE PASTRY CHEFS.** Others leave this specialty and become HEAD CHEFS.

FOOD & BEVERAGE MANAGER AND BEYOND

A small proportion of Cooks become Food & Beverage Managers within 5-10 years. This is a job title that exists mainly in hotels. In a large hotel, someone might be an Assistant Food & Beverage Manager before becoming a manager. Food & Beverage Managers lead the day-to-day operations of the hotel's food & beverage departments, which includes restaurants and bars. This job involves managing people while keeping an eye on costs and profits. It also involves coordination with other hotel departments Some Food & Beverage Managers become FOOD & BEVERAGE DIRECTORS. Others become **RESTAURANT MANAGERS** or **EXECUTIVE CHEFS**.

EXECUTIVE CHEF AND BEYOND

Professional cooks that become Executive Chefs may work in restaurants, hotels or for food service companies. They perform a range of activities that span both "cooking" and "business" functions. Often with the help of a Sous Chef, the Executive Chef is responsible for directing all kitchen activities. On the business side, the Executive Chef makes sure that all kitchen activities operate on schedule so that meals are efficiently prepared and served. On the cooking side, the Executive Chef sets and changes menus. The vast majority of Executive Chefs stay in that title, but they may move to other restaurants. Small percentages become EXECUTIVE SOUS CHEFS or **GENERAL MANAGERS** of Restaurants or Night Clubs.

