

# Adult Learning Academy Pre-Algebra Workbook UNIT **7: A**LGEBRA



### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

### 1. Variables and Expressions:

- Differentiate between constants and variables; represent variables with letters, and identify like terms
- Understand the difference between an expression and an equation
- ☐ Simplify and evaluate algebraic expressions involving variables; distribute and combine like terms
- □ Translate phrases into algebraic expressions and equations
- □ Write expressions to represent area and perimeter of rectangles

### 2. Equations:

- Use mathematical properties to solve basic linear equations involving a single variable
- □ Check solutions by plugging answers into the original equation and evaluating each side of the equation
- □ Solve one and two-step equations, including those involving fractions
- $\Box$  Solve multi-step equations, including those involving distribution, and variables on both sides of the equation
- □ Check solutions, by plugging answers into the original equations

### 3. Word Problems:

☐ Set up and solve word problems involving direct translations, including applications to the transportation industry



## Adult Learning Academy Pre-Algebra Workbook UNIT 7 VIDEO & EXERCISE LIST



Торіс	Website	Videos	Exercises
Variables and Expressions	www.khanacademy.org	Why All the Letters in Algebra?	Evaluating Expressions in 1 Var.
		What is a variable?	Combining Like Terms
		Why aren't we using the mult sign?	Comb. Like Terms w/Distribution
		Variables, Expressions, and equations	Writing Expressions
		Example: Evaluating an expression	
		Combining Like Terms	
		Comb. Like Terms & Distributive Prop	
		Combining Like Terms 1	
		Combining Like Terms 2	
Solving 1-step equations	www.khanacademy.org	Why do the same thing to both sides?	One-step Equation Intuition
		Simple equations	One-step Equations
		Representing a relationship w/ equation	One-step equations w/ multipli.
		One-step equation intuition	Equations w/ Var. on both sides
		1-step eq. intuition exercise intro	Worksheets: Solving Equations
		Solving one-step equations	
		Solving one-step equations 2	
		One-step Equations	
		Add/Sub the same thing from both sides	
		Intuition why we divide both sides	
Solving 2-step equations	www.khanacademy.org	Why we do the same 2-step equations	Two-step equations
<u> </u>		Why we do the same Multip-step	Multi-step equations w/ distrib.
		Two-step equations	Worksheets: Solving Equations
		Variables on both sides	
		Ex. 1 Variables on both sides	
		Ex. 2 Variables on both sides	
		Solving Equations w/ Distributive Prop	
		Ex. 1 Distributive Property to Simplify	
		Ex. 3 Distributive Property to Simplify	
Гwo-Step	http://www.youtube.com/wa	e.com/watch?v=KBpNLjiv8pk	
Combining like terms	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fXD4DjSyoyo		

Торіс	Website	Videos	Exercises
Variable on each side	http://www.youtube.com/watch	?v=gQdH5PKWrPQ	
Distributive Property	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XfaWLVLfeJM		
Unit 7 Review Flashcards	www.stlcc.edu	Powerpoint on Blackboard	
Compass Review	http://www.hostos.cuny.edu/oaa/compass/pre-alg_prac7.htm Radicals		



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	St. Louis Community College	Adult Learning Academy Pre-Algebra Workbook 7.1 SIMPLIFYING EXPRESSIONS	MOSTEM POID WINS
1.	3x + 2x	10. $5(x-2)$	
2.	3x - 2x	11. $3(x + 1)$	
3.	2x - 3x	12. $4(x-1) + 3(x+2)$	
4.	x + x	13. $7x + 5 - (2x + 1)$	
5.	X – X	14. $7x + 5 - (2x - 1)$	
6.	x • x	15. $7x + 5(2x - 1)$	
7.	$\mathbf{x} \div \mathbf{x}$	16. $7x - 5(2x - 1)$	
8.	x + y	17. $7 - 5(2x - 1)$	
9.	2x + 3y + 4x - y	18. $7 - 5(2x + 1)$	

St. Louis Community College	Adult Learning Academy Pre-Algebra Workbook 7.2 SOLVING 1-STEP EQUATIONS
1. $x + 7 = 15$	9. $-5 = x + 7$
2. $x - 13 = 20$	10. $5x = 3$
3. $8y = 48$	11. <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> x = 10
$4. \qquad \frac{a}{3} = 9$	12. ¾ x = 15
5. $w + 100 = -200$	13. $5x = 5$
6. $x - 13 = -20$	14. $x - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$
7. $-8y = 48$	15x = -7
$8. \qquad \frac{a}{3} = -9$	16. $3x = 0$

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St. Louis Community College	Adult Learning Academy Pre-Algebra Workbook 7.3 SOLVING 2-STEP EQUATIONS
1. $2x + 1 = 7$	7. $7 = 5 + 2x$
2. $3x - 1 = 11$	8. 10 - 3x = 13
3. $-2x + 1 = 9$	$9. \qquad \frac{x+4}{3} = 10$
4. $-5x - 1 = 9$	10. $\frac{x-7}{5} = 2$
5. $5 + 3x = 17$	11. $-4a + 2 = 2$
6. $7 - 3x = 13$	$12.  \frac{w}{3} - 10 = 0$

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ſ	St. Louis Community College	Adult Learning Academy Pre-Algebra Workbook 7.4 Solving Multi-Step Equations
1.	x + 3x = 12	$7. \qquad 3x = x + 4$
2.	5x - 3x + 2 = 12	$8. \qquad 4x = 2x + 10$
3.	3x - 5x + 2 = 12	95x + 3 = -4x
4.	5(x-2) = 20	10. $x - 5 = 2x$
5.	3(x+1) = 15	11. $2(x + 1) = x - 3$

6. -2(x+4) = 16 12. -2(x+1) = 3x - 7

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## Adult Learning Academy Pre-Algebra Workbook 7.5 EXPRESSIONS & EQUATIONS



	EXPRESSION (SIMPLIFY if possible)	EQUATION (SOLVE)
1.	x + x + x	9. $x + x + x = 12$
2.	3(x – 4)	10. $3(x-4) = 5$
3.	5x - x	11. $5x - x = -20$
4.	2 – x	12. $2 - x = -6$
5.	x - 5 - 3	13. $x - 5 - 3 = 80$
6.	7 - 2(x + 1)	14. $7 - 2(x + 1) = -1$
7.	7 - 2(x - 1)	15. $7 - 2(x - 1) = -1$
8.	4x – ½ x	16. $4x - \frac{1}{2}x = 7$



## Adult Learning Academy Pre-Algebra Workbook 7.6 CAREER APPLICATIONS: STEM



- 1. A plant had 10 leaves at the start of an experiment. How many leaves would it have if:
  - a. ... it grew 2 new leaves? \_\_\_\_\_

b. ... it lost 2 leaves from the original?

c. ... it doubled its original number of leaves?

- d. ... it lost half of its original leaves?
- e. ... the number of leaves stayed the same? \_\_\_\_\_

Now we'll generalize to any number of leaves: a plant had X leaves at the start of the experiment. Match each algebraic expression with its description in words:

f.	The plant grew 2 new leaves.	X - 2
g.	The plant lost 2 leaves.	Х
h.	The plant doubled its number of leaves.	X + 2
i.	The plant has only half the number of leaves it started with.	2X
j.	The number of leaves stayed the same.	$X\div 2$

2. A computer has X megabytes of memory. Write an algebraic expression for the amount of memory compared to the original after each of the following situations:

a.	The computer used 50 megabytes of memory.	
b.	Deleting an application increased memory by 10 megabytes.	
c.	A new purchase doubled the memory.	
d.	Half of the original memory is left.	
e.	The computer has 30 megabytes less memory than originally.	
f.	The computer has 30 megabytes more memory than originally.	

- 3. Aisha is A years old. Bakir is B years old. Write an algebraic expression for each description:
  - a. Aisha's age next year:
  - b. Bakir's age two years ago: \_\_\_\_\_
  - c. Aisha's age in 10 years: \_\_\_\_\_
  - d. The sum of Aisha's and Bakir's ages: \_\_\_\_\_
  - e. Twice Aisha's age: \_\_\_\_\_
  - f. Half of Bakir's age: \_\_\_\_\_
  - g. The mean (average) of Aisha's and Bakir's ages:
  - h. If A > B, who is older? \_\_\_\_\_ How much older? \_\_\_\_\_

Using the variable A to represent Aisha's age and the variable B to represent Bakir's age, write an EQUATION for each description (use an = sign!). Then solve the equation!

- i. In three years, Aisha will be 21. How old is she now?
- j. Five years ago, Bakir was 15. How old is he now?
- k. Twice Aisha's age is 48. How old is she?
- 1. Half of Bakir's age is 12. How old is he?
- m. If you double Aisha's age and add 5, you get 35. How old is she?
- n. Aisha is three years older than Bakir. The sum of their ages is 23. How old are they?
- o. Aisha is twice as old as Bakir. The sum of their ages is 30. How old are they?

- 4. Write an equation and solve:
  - a. Callie has 3 more patients to care for than Walter does. Walter has 5 patients. How many does Callie have?
  - b. The perimeter of the rectangular laboratory is 170 feet. The length is 5 feet more than the width. What are the dimensions of the lab?
  - c. The perimeter of the business office is 150 feet. The length is twice the width. What are the dimensions of the office?
  - d. Insurance will pay half of the cost of an operation, after the patient pays the \$100 deductible. The operation costs \$1500. How much will insurance pay?
- 5. Write an expression for the perimeter and the area of each.

a.	X inches X inches	b. X feet X + 3 feet	c. X miles 2X miles
	Perimeter:	Perimeter:	Perimeter:
	Area:	Area:	Area:





7.1 Simplifying Expressions
1. 5x
2. x
31x or -x
<b>4. 2x</b>
5.0
<b>6. x</b> <sup>2</sup>
7.1
<b>8.</b> $\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y}$ (not like terms)
<b>9.</b> $6x + 2y$
10. $5x - 10$
11. $3x + 3$
<b>12.</b> $4x - 4 + 3x + 6$
= 7x + 2
<b>13.</b> $7x + 5 - 2x - 1$
= 5x + 4
<b>14.</b> $7x + 5 - 2x + 1$
= 5x + 6
<b>15.</b> $7x + 10x - 5$
15.7x + 10x - 5 = $17x - 5$
<b>16.</b> $7x - 10x + 5$
=-3x+5
<b>17.</b> $7 - 10x + 5$
= 12 - 10x
<b>18.</b> $7 - 10x - 5$
= 2 - 10x
7 ) Coluina One Sten Equati

7.2 Solving One-Step Equations 1. x + 7 - 7 = 15 - 7 x = 152. x - 13 + 13 = 20 + 13 x = 333. 8y/8 = 48/8 y = 64.  $(\frac{a}{3})3 = (9)3$  a = 275. w + 100 - 100 = -200 - 100 w = -3006. x - 13 + 13 = -20 + 13x = -7

7.2 Solving One-Step Equations (cont.)  
7. 
$$-8y/-8 = 48/-8$$
  
 $y = -6$   
8.  $(\frac{a}{3})^3 = (-9)^3$   
 $a = -27$   
9.  $-5 - 7 = x + 7 - 7$   
 $-12 = x$  or  $x = -12$   
10.  $5x/5 = 3/5$   
 $x = 3/5$   
11.  $(\frac{1}{2}x)^2/1 = (10)^2/1$   
 $x = 20$   
12.  $(\frac{3}{4}x)^4/3 = (15)^4/3$   
 $x = 60/3 = 20$   
13.  $5x/5 = 5/5$   $x = 1$   
14.  $x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$   
 $x = \frac{4}{2} = 2$   
15.  $-x/-1 = -7/-1$   $x = 7$   
16.  $3x/3 = 0/3$   $x = 0$ 

### 7.3 Solving Two-Step Equations

**1.** 2x + 1 - 1 = 7 - 12x = 62x/2 = 6/2 x = 3**2.** 3x - 1 + 1 = 11 + 13x = 123x/3 = 12/3**x** = **4 3.** -2x + 1 - 1 = 9 - 1-2x = 8-2x/-2 = 8/-2x = -4**4.** -5x - 1 + 1 = 9 + 1-5x = 10-5x/-5 = 10/-5 $\mathbf{x} = -2$ **5.** 5 + 3x - 5 = 17 - 53x = 12 3x/3 = 12/3 $\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{4}$ 

7.3 Solving Two-Step Equations (cont.) 6. 7 - 3x - 7 = 13 - 7-3x = 6-3x/-3 = 6/-3**x** = -2 7. 7 - 5 = 5 + 2x - 52 = 2x2/2 = 2x/21 = x or x = 18. 10 - 3x - 10 = 13 - 10-3x = 3-3x/-3 = 3/-3x = -1 9.  $(\frac{x+4}{3})$ 3 = (10)3 x + 4 - 4 = 30 - 4x = 2610.  $(\frac{x-7}{5})$ 5 = (2)5 x - 7 + 7 = 10 + 7 **x** = 17 **11.** -4a + 2 - 2 = 2 - 2-4a = 0-4a/-4 = 0/-4**a** = **0**  $12.\frac{w}{2} - 10 + 10 = 0 + 10$  $(\frac{w}{3})$ **3** = (10)**3** w = 30

## 7.4 Solving Multi-Step Equations

4x = 12 4x/4 = 12/4 x = 32. 5x - 3x + 2 = 12 2x + 2 = 12 2x + 2 - 2 = 12 - 2 2x = 10 2x/2 = 10/2 x = 53. 3x - 5x + 2 = 12 -2x + 2 - 2 = 12 - 2 -2x = 10 -2x/-2 = 10/-2x = -5

**1.** x + 3x = 12

## 7.4 Solving Multi-Step Equations (cont.)

```
4. 5(x - 2) = 20
   5x - 10 = 20
   5x - 10 + 10 = 20 + 10
   5x = 30
   5x/5 = 30/5
   x = 6
5. 3(x + 1) = 15
   3x + 3 = 15
   3x + 3 - 3 = 15 - 3
   3x = 12
   3x/3 = 12/3
   \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{4}
6. -2(x + 4) = 16
  -2x - 8 = 16
   -2x - 8 + 8 = 16 + 8
   -2x = 24
   -2x/-2 = 24/-2
   x = -12
7. 3x - x = x + 4 - x
   2x = 4
   2x/2 = 4/2
   \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{2}
8. 4x - 2x = 2x + 10 - 2x
   2x = 10
   2x/2 = 10/2
   \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{5}
9. -5x + 3 + 5x = -4x + 5x
   3 = 1x or x = 3
10. x - 5 - x = 2x - x
    -5 = x or x = -5
11. 2(x + 1) = x - 3
    2x + 2 = x - 3
    2x + 2 - 2 = x - 3 - 2
    2x = x - 5
    2\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x} - 5 - \mathbf{x}
    x = - 5
12. -2(x + 1) = 3x - 7
    -2x - 2 = 3x - 7
    -2x - 2 + 7 = 3x - 7 + 7
    -2x + 5 = 3x
    -2x + 5 + 2x = 3x + 2x
    5 = 5x
    5/5 = 5x/5
    1 = x or x = 1
```

7.5 Expressions & Equations 1. 3x 2. 3x - 12 3. 4x 4. 2 - x (not like terms) 5. x - 8 6. 7 - 2x - 2= 5 - 2x7.7 – 2x + 2= 9 - 2x8. 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>x or 3.5x 9. 3x = 12x = 12/3 = 4**10.** 3x - 12 = 53x = 17x = 17/3 = 5 2/3 or 5.666 11. 4x = -20x = -20/4 = -512. -x = -8-x/-1 = -8/-1 so x = 813. x - 8 = 80 so x = 88**14.** 7 - 2x - 2 = -15 - 2x = -1-2x = -6x = -6/-2 = 315. 7 - 2x + 2 = -19 - 2x = -1-2x = -10x = -10/-2 = 5**16.** 3.5x = 7x = 7/3.5 = 27.6 Career Applications: STEM 1a. 12

1a. 12
1b. 8
1c. 20
1d. 5
1e. 10
1f. X + 2
1g. X - 2
1h. 2X
1i. X/2
1j. X

#### 7.6 Career Applications: STEM (cont.)

2a. x - 50 2b. x + 102c. 2x 2d. x/2 or .5x or 1/2x2e. x - 30 2f. x + 303a. A + 13b. B - 23c. A + 103d. A + B3e. 2A 3f. B/2 3g. (A + B)/2 or 1/2(A + B)**3h.** Aisha; A – B years **3i.** A + 3 = 21 so A = 18 years old **3j**. B - 5 = 15 so B = 20 years old 3k. 2A = 48 so A = 24 years old **31.** B/2 = 12 so B = 24 years old 3m. 2A + 5 = 35 so A = 15 years old **3n.** A + B = 23 and A = B + 3so (B + 3) + B = 23**B** = 10 years *and* **A** = 10 + 3 = 13 years **30.** A + B = 30 and A = 2Bso 2B + B = 30**B** = 10 years and A = 2(10) = 20 years **4a.** let x = Callie's # of patientsx = 5 + 3x = 8 so Callie has 8 patients **4b.** Let width = w and length = w + 5*perimeter* = *sum of all four sides* so w + (w + 5) + w + (w + 5) = 1704w + 10 = 170 4w = 160 so w = 40width = 40 feet and length = 40 + 5 = 45

## feet

4b. Let width = w and length = 2wperimeter = sum of all four sides so w + 2w + w + 2w = 150 6w = 150 so w = 25width = 25 feet and length = 2(25) = 50 feet

4d. Let x = the amount insurance will pay x = .5(1500 - 100) x = .5(1400) x = \$700

#### 7.6 Career Applications: STEM (cont.)

<b>5a.</b> Perimeter = <b>4x inches</b>	Area = <b>x<sup>2</sup> square inches</b>
<b>5b.</b> Perimeter = $4x + 6$ feet	Area = $x^2 + 3x$ square feet
<b>5c.</b> Perimeter = <b>6x miles</b>	Area = <b>2x<sup>2</sup> square miles</b>



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